

ANALYSIS OF 2011 CENSUS DATA

Irish Community Statistics, England and Selected Urban Areas

REPORT FOR YORKSHIRE AND THE HUMBER

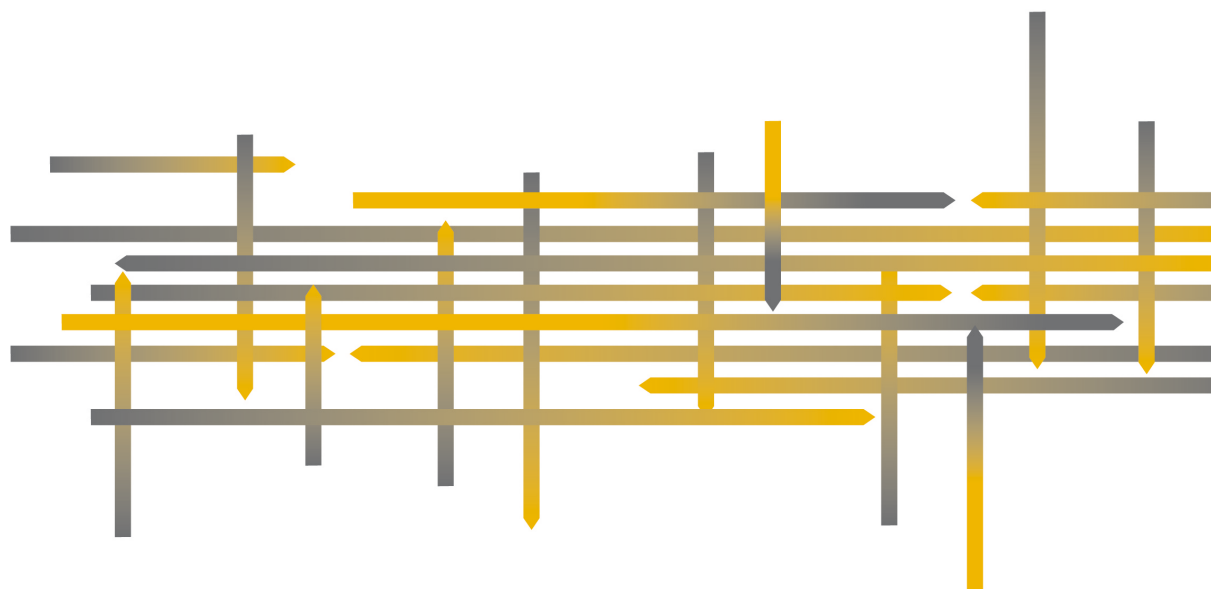
Louise Ryan, Alessio D'Angelo, Michael Puniskis, Neil Kaye

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Analysis of 2011 Census Data

Irish Community Statistics, England and Selected Urban Areas

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ANALYSIS OF 2011 CENSUS DATA
Irish Community Statistics, England and Selected Urban Areas
REPORT FOR YORKSHIRE AND THE HUMBER

Prof. Louise Ryan, Alessio D'Angelo, Michael Puniskis, Neil Kaye

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Introduction

This regional report for Yorkshire and The Humber forms part of a larger body of work including reports for England, London, East Midlands, West Midlands, North East, and North West. A detailed Introduction and explanation of the project aims and methods can be found in the report for England. It is suggested that anyone interested in the overall project should refer to that introductory section of the England report. All reports are available in electronic format and can be obtained by contacting Irish in Britain, or the Social Policy Research Centre at Middlesex University.

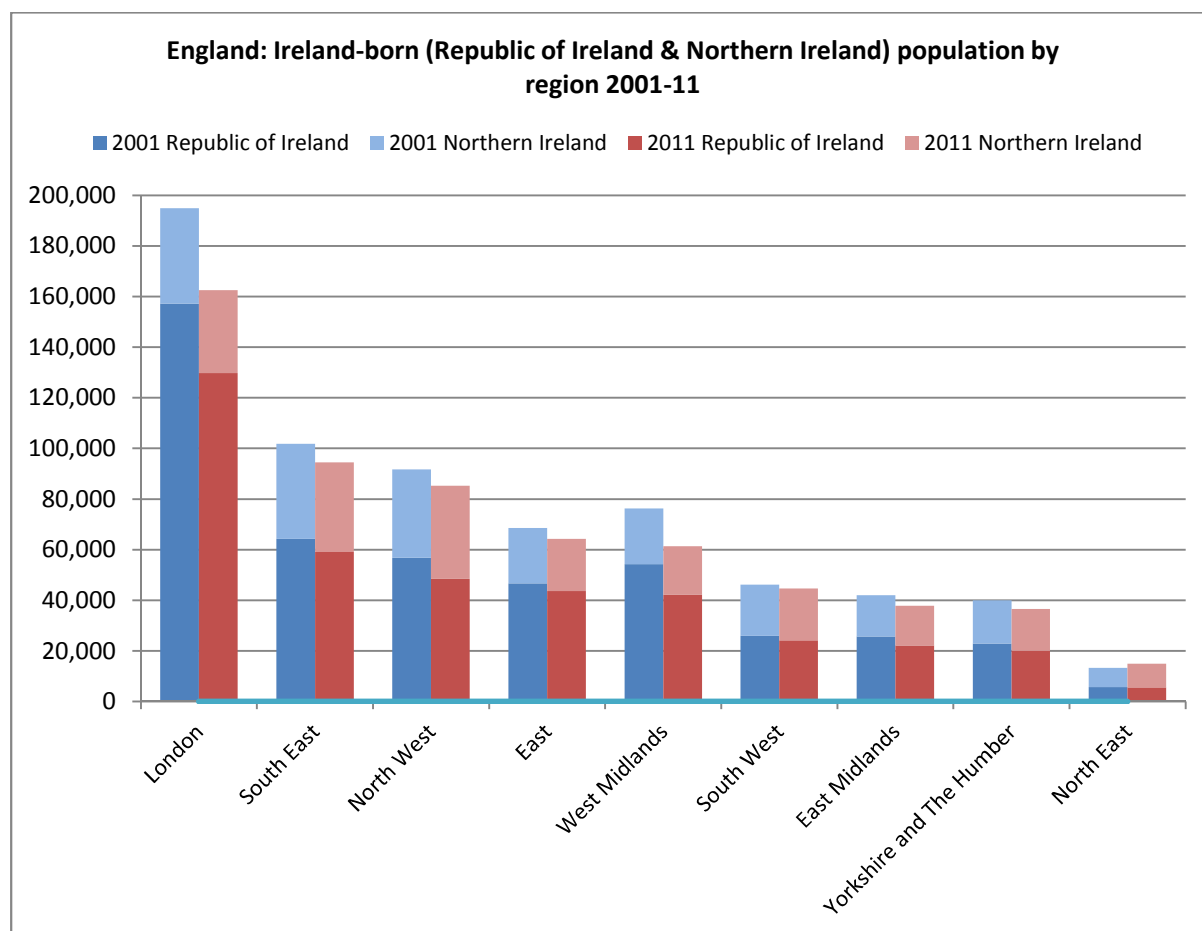
Population

Table 1 shows the number of Republic of Ireland- and Northern Ireland-born residents for England as a whole and for nine regions, for 2001 and 2011, and Chart 1 provides a visual representation of these data. A decade ago, the population sizes of both Republic of Ireland- and Northern Ireland-born residents were larger than in 2011. For example, in 2001, there were nearly 675,000 Ireland-born people in England compared to around 600,000 today. The change in population size was more pronounced for Republic of Ireland-born people, given the population is larger across England compared to Northern Ireland-born residents. Over the decade, London had the largest change in population size for Ireland-born residents, followed by the West Midlands. In general, today there are still sizeable numbers of more than 40,000 Republic of Ireland-born persons living in the West Midlands, East, North West and South East. In comparison, numbers of Northern Ireland-born people generally range between 20,000 to 30,000, in most regions across the country, for a total of around 200,000 people in England.

Table 1: ENGLAND. Population by place of birth by region, 2001 and 2011

	2001				2011			
	Northern Ireland	Republic of Ireland	All Ireland	All Ireland %	Northern Ireland	Republic of Ireland	All Ireland	All Ireland %
London	37,574	157,285	194,859	2.7%	32,774	129,807	162,581	2.0%
South East	37,545	64,295	101,840	1.3%	35,344	59,125	94,469	1.1%
North West	34,879	56,816	91,695	1.4%	36,767	48,456	85,223	1.2%
East	21,811	46,743	68,554	1.3%	20,638	43,682	64,320	1.1%
West Midlands	21,957	54,298	76,255	1.4%	19,187	42,173	61,360	1.1%
South West	20,305	25,934	46,239	0.9%	20,467	24,165	44,632	0.8%
East Midlands	16,349	25,697	42,046	1.0%	15,619	22,202	37,821	0.8%
Yorkshire and The Humber	17,106	22,888	39,994	0.8%	16,608	19,986	36,594	0.7%
North East	7,598	5,706	13,304	0.5%	9,331	5,586	14,917	0.6%
ENGLAND	215,124	459,662	674,786	1.3%	206,735	395,182	601,917	1.1%

Chart 1: ENGLAND. Ireland-born (Republic and Northern) population by region, 2001-11



Map 1 illustrates the distribution of Ireland-born (Republic and Northern) population in Yorkshire and The Humber. The areas in yellow indicate low concentration residents, while darker shades show where Irish-born persons are more heavily concentrated. For example, there are fewer residents who live in the eastern parts of the region, whereas there are greater concentrations living in the western portions, as indicated by Table 2 which shows the top six local authority districts by number and proportion. Calderdale has the highest proportion of Republic of Ireland-born residents, 0.7% or around 1,400 and persons, while Leeds was first for people born in Northern Ireland, with 0.5% or around 3,400 people. The four other top local authorities—Kirklees, York, Bradford, and Ryedale—all have comparable proportions of Republic of Ireland- and Northern Ireland-born residents.

Map 1: YORKSHIRE & THE HUMBER. Ireland-born (Republic and Northern) population by Local Authority, 2011 (%)

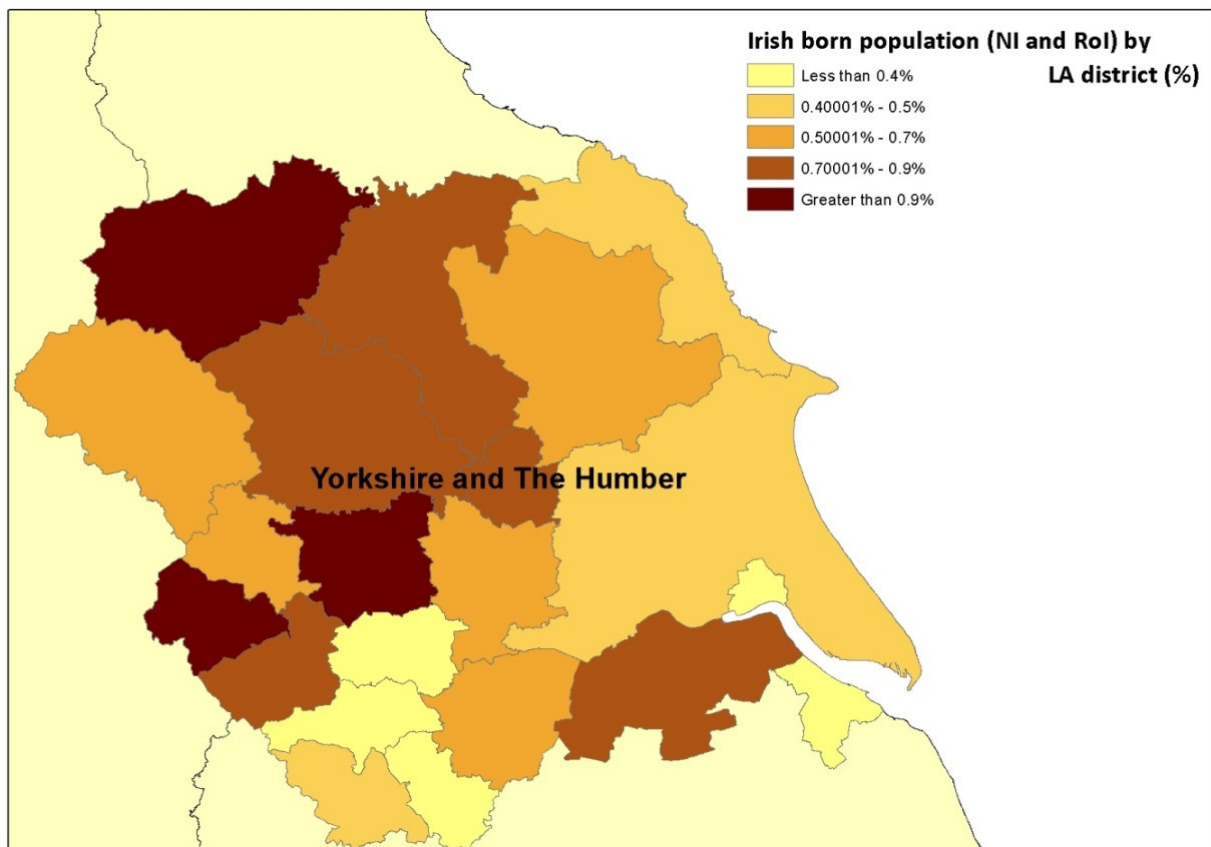
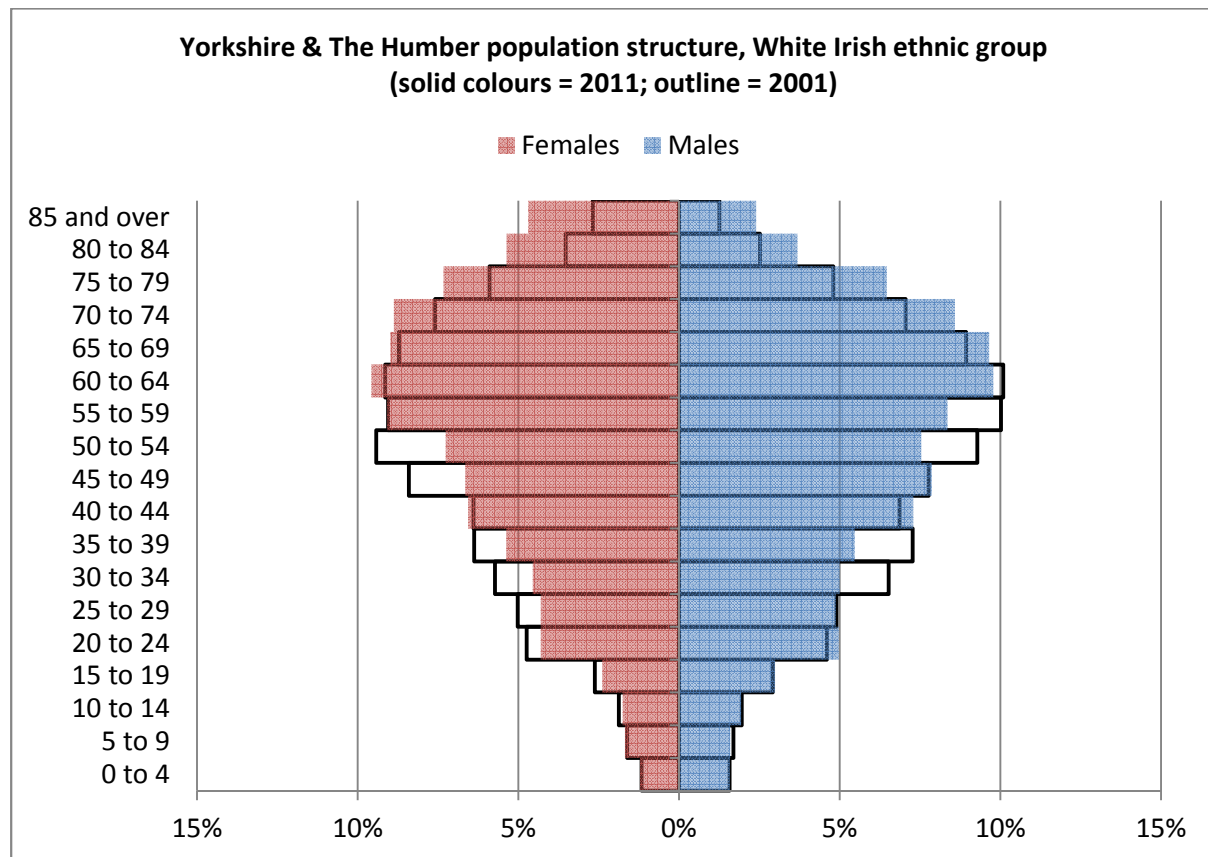


Table 2: YORKSHIRE & THE HUMBER. Top 6 Local Authority districts by proportion of Republic of Ireland-born residents, compared to Northern Ireland- and England-born

Ranking by Rol-born %	Local Authority	Republic of Ireland-born		Northern Ireland-born		England-born	
		#	%	#	%	#	%
1	Calderdale	1,386	0.7%	732	0.4%	184,586	90.6%
2	Leeds	4,762	0.6%	3,390	0.5%	647,767	86.2%
3	Kirklees	2,137	0.5%	1,167	0.3%	369,574	87.5%
4	York	807	0.4%	974	0.5%	172,971	87.3%
5	Bradford	2,123	0.4%	1,362	0.3%	425,290	81.4%
6	Ryedale	203	0.4%	157	0.3%	48,262	93.3%

The following charts illustrate the population structure by age and sex for White Irish ethnic group. As we can see in Chart 2, a comparison is provided between 2001 and 2011 to show changes in the age of the Irish population in Yorkshire and The Humber. For example, in 2011 (solid colours), we can see there is now a larger proportion of Irish males (blue) and females (red) aged 70 and older compared to 2001 (outline). Conversely, today there are now fewer Irish males and females in younger groups, especially those aged 30 to 54, compared to a decade ago. Together, this shows that the Irish population has aged considerably, while proportions in younger age ranges, from birth to around 24, have remained relatively steady between males and females over the decade. Overall, the numbers of children in the White Irish category remain very low.

Chart 2: YORKSHIRE & THE HUMBER. Age and sex distribution for White Irish ethnic group, comparison of 2001 and 2011



In Chart 3 we see a comparison between White Irish (solid colours) and White British (outline) ethnic groups for 2011, in terms of age and sex. Overall, an obvious pattern emerges when comparing both ethnic groups—there are higher proportions of both White Irish males and females in older age groups (55+) compared to White British, which in some cases is around one-third more for some age ranges (e.g. 65 to 69, 70 to 74, etc.). On the other hand, White Irish males and females are underrepresented in younger age groups, such as those from birth to around 30, compared to White British counterparts. In other words, the age/sex population structures of both ethnic groups are inverted—the proportions of elderly White Irish men and women outnumber their White British counterparts, while the proportions of younger White British boys and girls outnumber their White Irish counterparts.

Chart 3: YORKSHIRE & THE HUMBER. Age and sex distribution for White Irish ethnic group, compared to White British for 2011

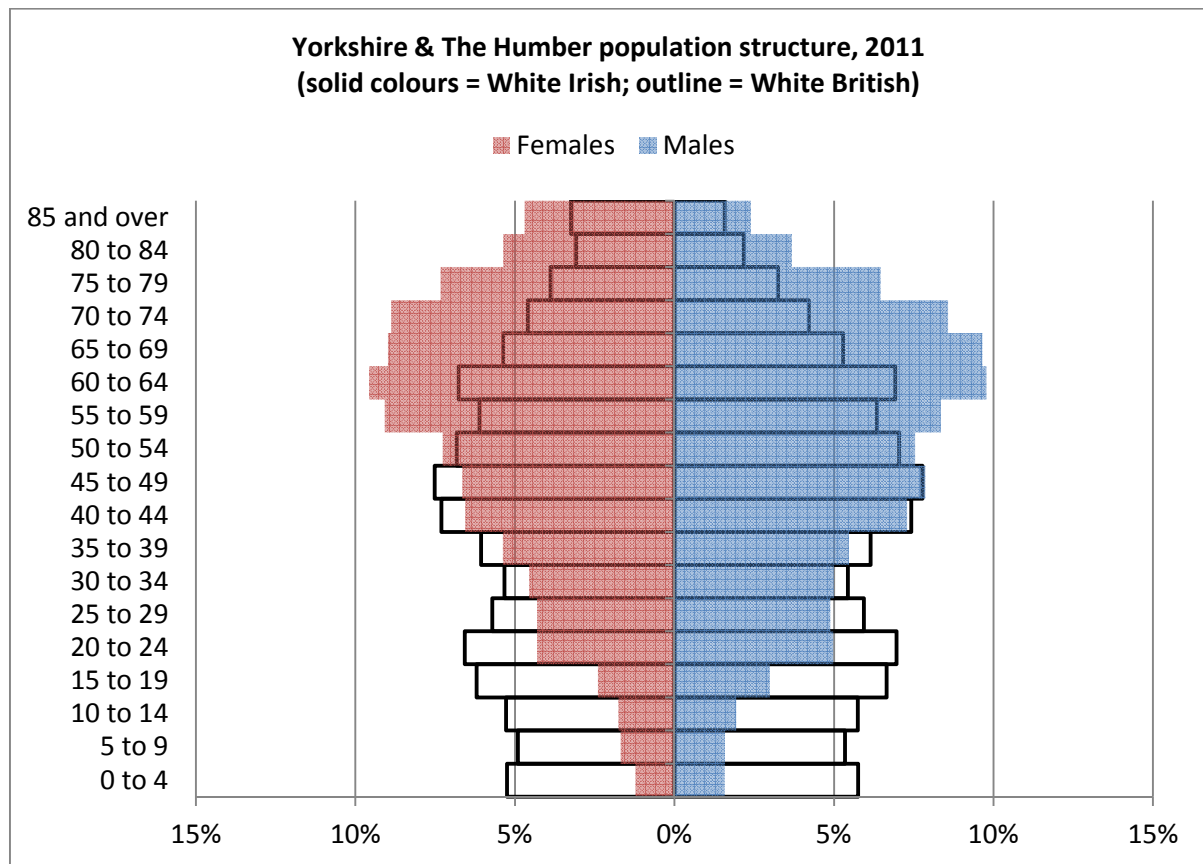


Table 3 shows a detailed ranking of the number and proportion of White Irish compared to 18 ethnic groups in Yorkshire and The Humber. As can be seen, White Irish rank as the ninth most common ethnic group, with around 26,400 persons living in the region, making up 0.5% of the overall population. The two main ethnic groups are British Pakistani (4.3%) and White Other (2.5%), both having populations of 100,000 or more persons.

Table 3: YORKSHIRE & THE HUMBER. Number and proportion of persons in region, by detailed ethnic group (ranked)

	#	% (ranked)
All categories: Ethnic group	5,283,733	100.0%
White: English/Welsh/Scottish/Northern Irish/British	4,531,137	85.8%
Asian/Asian British: Pakistani	225,892	4.3%
White: Other White	130,031	2.5%
Asian/Asian British: Indian	69,252	1.3%
Black/African/Caribbean/Black British: African	46,033	0.9%
Asian/Asian British: Other Asian	39,961	0.8%
Mixed/multiple ethnic groups: White and Black Caribbean	33,241	0.6%
Asian/Asian British: Chinese	28,435	0.5%
White: Irish	26,410	0.5%
Mixed/multiple ethnic groups: White and Asian	26,008	0.5%
Black/African/Caribbean/Black British: Caribbean	23,420	0.4%
Asian/Asian British: Bangladeshi	22,424	0.4%
Other ethnic group: Arab	21,340	0.4%
Other ethnic group: Any other ethnic group	19,570	0.4%
Mixed/multiple ethnic groups: Other Mixed	15,988	0.3%
Black/African/Caribbean/Black British: Other Black	10,892	0.2%
Mixed/multiple ethnic groups: White and Black African	9,321	0.2%
White: Gypsy or Irish Traveller	4,378	0.1%

Table 4 provides a detailed breakdown of age and sex by main ethnic groups for Yorkshire and The Humber. Similar to the patterns observed in previous discussion on Charts 2 and 3, compared to all other main ethnic groups, the White Irish males and females are underrepresented in younger age ranges, from birth to around 34 years. Then, the pattern begins to reverse from age 35 onwards, and then becomes particularly striking for all four older age ranges of 50 onwards, where the White Irish are overrepresented compared to all other main ethnic groups living in the region.

Table 4: YORKSHIRE & THE HUMBER. Age and sex, by main ethnic groups

	<i>White British</i>		<i>White Irish</i>		<i>White: Gypsy or Irish Traveller</i>		<i>White Other</i>		<i>Mixed</i>		<i>Asian</i>		<i>Black</i>		<i>Other</i>	
	<i>M</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>M</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>M</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>M</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>M</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>M</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>M</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>M</i>	<i>F</i>
Aged 0 to 15	18.1%	16.6%	5.5%	5.0%	31.2%	32.9%	17.9%	16.6%	45.3%	45.3%	30.7%	30.5%	23.3%	25.2%	23.6%	33.1%
Aged 16 to 24	12.3%	11.6%	7.6%	6.3%	15.7%	13.8%	14.8%	15.6%	19.4%	20.0%	17.2%	17.0%	14.7%	15.3%	15.3%	16.1%
Aged 25 to 34	11.4%	11.0%	9.9%	8.9%	17.2%	17.1%	32.5%	30.9%	13.8%	13.4%	20.4%	20.7%	18.8%	18.5%	27.8%	22.6%
Aged 35 to 49	21.3%	20.9%	20.6%	18.6%	20.0%	19.8%	21.1%	20.0%	14.3%	13.9%	18.8%	18.3%	28.3%	25.2%	22.7%	18.0%
Aged 50 to 64	20.3%	19.7%	25.7%	25.9%	11.0%	11.0%	8.9%	9.7%	4.9%	5.0%	8.7%	9.1%	9.0%	9.2%	7.6%	7.0%
Aged 65 to 74	9.5%	10.0%	18.2%	17.9%	3.1%	3.9%	2.3%	2.9%	1.3%	1.3%	2.4%	2.6%	3.2%	3.6%	1.6%	1.7%
Aged 75 to 84	5.4%	7.0%	10.1%	12.7%	1.4%	1.3%	1.4%	2.9%	0.8%	0.8%	1.4%	1.5%	2.4%	2.5%	1.1%	1.4%
Aged 85+	1.6%	3.2%	2.4%	4.7%	0.5%	0.3%	1.1%	1.4%	0.2%	0.3%	0.2%	0.3%	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%	0.3%

In Table 5 we see how people define their ethnicity according to place of birth. For those persons born in the Republic of Ireland, the majority, 77.1% or around 15,400 people define their ethnic group as White Irish, compared to 15.3% (around 3,000 people) who identify as White British. For people born in Northern Ireland, 86.0% or nearly 14,300 persons define themselves as White British. However, it should be noted that on the census form this category included Northern Irish and it is currently not possible to disaggregate this category. 12.0% or nearly 2,000 people White Irish. Also, there were nearly 7,900 persons born in England who identified as White Irish and may be second generation of Ireland-born persons who migrated several decades ago, as discussed later in Table 7.

Table 5: YORKSHIRE & THE HUMBER. Main ethnic groups, by place of birth

	Republic of Ireland-born		Northern Ireland-born		England-born	
	#	%	#	%	#	%
<i>Total</i>	19,986	100.0%	16,608	100.0%	4,706,892	100.0%
White: British*	3,053	15.3%	14,284	86.0%	4,363,895	92.7%
White: Irish	15,413	77.1%	1,996	12.0%	7,868	0.2%
White: Gypsy or Irish Traveller	95	0.5%	44	0.3%	3,521	0.1%
White: Other	422	2.1%	40	0.2%	16,816	0.4%
Mixed/multiple ethnic group	209	1.0%	96	0.6%	72,242	1.5%
Asian/Asian British	345	1.7%	103	0.6%	202,022	4.3%
Black/Black British	306	1.5%	28	0.2%	30,082	0.6%
Other ethnic group	143	0.7%	17	0.1%	10,446	0.2%

* Aggregated category which also includes those who identify as White Scottish, Northern Irish, Welsh and English. [This appeared as a one tick-box in the Census questionnaire and so disaggregation is not possible]

We can see in Table 6 how people define their national identity by their place of birth. Here, there are similar patterns to those observed in the previous table on ethnicity. For example, the majority of people born in the Republic of Ireland (61.6%) or around 12,300 persons defined themselves as ‘Irish only,’ whereas 22.6% or roughly 4,500 people reported ‘British only’ as their national identity. For people born in Northern Ireland, the majority—46.3%—or around 7,700 people reported ‘Northern Irish’ as their only identity, whereas 26.5% said ‘British only’ and 11.7% ‘English only;’ 3.6% stated their identity as ‘Irish only.’ For people born in England, there were nearly 3,900 persons who stated ‘Irish only’ or ‘Irish and another UK identity,’ whereas in the previous Table 5, there were around 7,900 England-born residents who stated their ethnicity as White Irish. This suggests that people are using these census categories to record different aspects of their identities.

Table 6: YORKSHIRE & THE HUMBER. National identity, by place of birth

	Republic of Ireland-born		Northern Ireland-born		England-born	
	#	%	#	%	#	%
<i>Total</i>	19,986	100.0%	16,608	100.0%	4,706,892	100.0%
Irish only identity	12,304	61.6%	594	3.6%	2,219	0.0%
Irish and at least one UK identity	435	2.2%	118	0.7%	1,656	0.0%
Northern Irish only identity	255	1.3%	7,686	46.3%	560	0.0%
British only identity	4,517	22.6%	4,396	26.5%	719,009	15.3%
English only identity	1,842	9.2%	1,945	11.7%	3,414,709	72.5%
English and British only identity	150	0.8%	238	1.4%	529,174	11.2%
Other identity only	411	2.1%	45	0.3%	18,673	0.4%
Other identity and at least one UK identity	72	0.4%	1,586	9.5%	20,892	0.4%

Patterns of migration

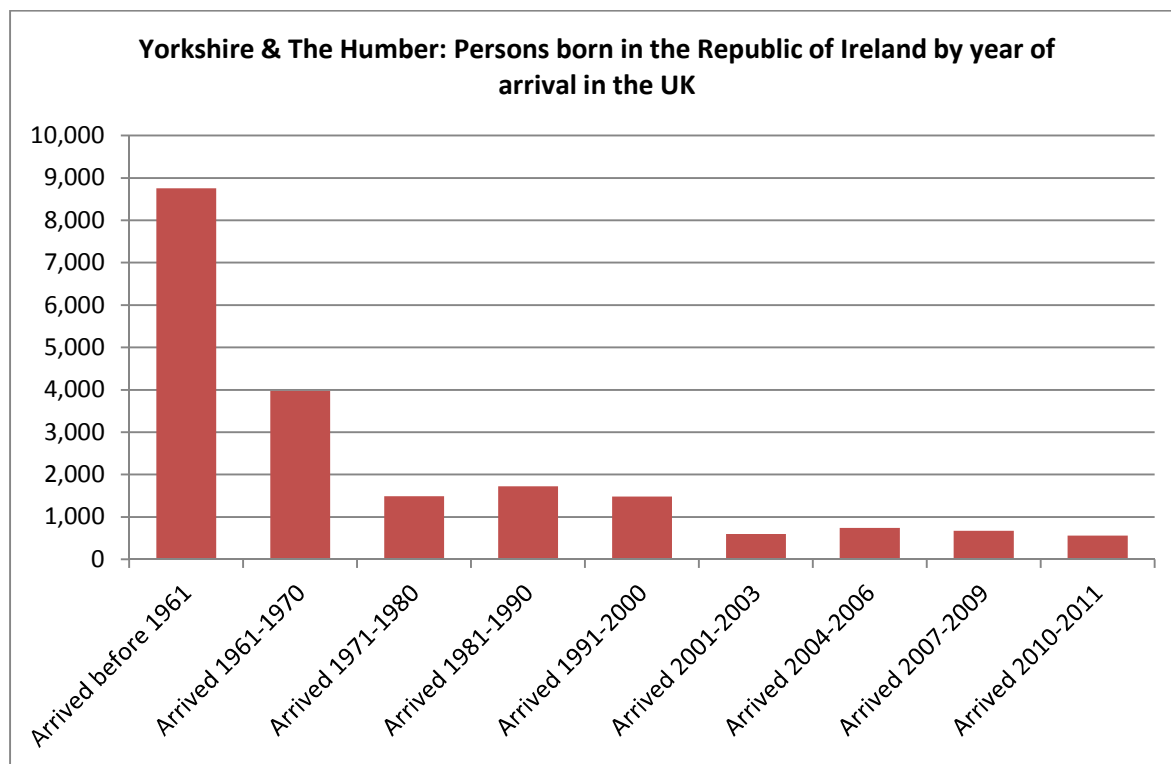
Table 7 shows when persons born in the Republic of Ireland, now resident in Yorkshire and the Humber, arrived to the UK. Similarly, Chart 4 provides a visualisation of this data. As noted beneath both Tables 7 and 8, data reported here only refer to persons both outside of the UK and thus do not apply for those born in Northern Ireland. As can be seen, of nearly 20,000 Republic of Ireland-born persons across the region, the majority—43.8%—or around 8,800 arrived before 1961. This should be no surprise, given the very high numbers of older Irish people living in the region, as discussed earlier and shown in Tables 4 and Charts 2 and 3. Similarly, a large proportion (19.9%) also arrived between 1961 and 1970. After this period, there was a decline in the number of Republic of Ireland-born persons arriving until the 2000s. Then, the pattern reversed, with 12.9% or around 2,600 people reporting to have arrived between 2001 and 2011, although the table shows a more detailed breakdown of years within this period. Of course, the figures include only those who have remained in the region and, thus, do not capture the numbers who may have moved on elsewhere or returned to Ireland. Thus, it is somewhat misleading to compare these numbers as an indication of total migration to the region over time.

Table 7: YORKSHIRE & THE HUMBER. Year of arrival in the UK for persons born in Republic of Ireland

	Republic of Ireland-born	
	#	%
<i>Total</i>	19,986	100.0%
Arrived before 1961	8,754	43.8%
Arrived 1961-1970	3,976	19.9%
Arrived 1971-1980	1,487	7.4%
Arrived 1981-1990	1,721	8.6%
Arrived 1991-2000	1,479	7.4%
Arrived 2001-2003	594	3.0%
Arrived 2004-2006	740	3.7%
Arrived 2007-2009	672	3.4%
Arrived 2010-2011	563	2.8%

** Data refer to persons born outside of the UK and so do not apply for those born in Northern Ireland*

Chart 4: YORKSHIRE & THE HUMBER. Persons born in the Republic of Ireland by year of arrival in the UK



The age of arrival in the UK to Yorkshire and The Humber, for persons born in the Republic of Ireland is shown in Table 8. As we can see, 36.8% or around 7,300 people arrived before the age of 15 and 43.0% or nearly 8,600 between the ages of 16 and 24, which was the main age range. Combined together, this means that the majority of Republic of Ireland-born persons—79.8%—or nearly 16,000 were 24 years or younger, at the time of their migration. Also worth noting, 14.1% reported arriving between 25 and 34 years of age, and numbers then gradually declined for all older ages.

Table 8: YORKSHIRE & THE HUMBER. Age at arrival in the UK for persons born in Republic of Ireland

	Republic of Ireland-born	
	#	%
<i>Total</i>	19,986	100.0%
0 to 15	7,349	36.8%
16 to 24	8,591	43.0%
25 to 34	2,821	14.1%
35 to 49	878	4.4%
50 to 64	250	1.3%
65 and over	97	0.5%

** Data refer to persons born outside of the UK and so do not apply for those born in Northern Ireland*

Education and employment

Table 9 shows highest level of qualification held by main ethnic group in Yorkshire and The Humber. In keeping with the early period of arrival (1950s-60s) and the young age of arrival discussed above, it is not surprising that nearly a third or around 8,200 White Irish people had no qualifications. This is even more pronounced in the case of ‘White: Gypsy or Irish Travellers’ where over half (59.3%) have no qualifications. It is noteworthy too that people of White Irish ethnicity are over represented at the other end of the table, as the most educated with almost a third (31.7%) holding a degree, compared to all other ethnic groups. It is interesting to observe here that the ‘White: Gypsy or Irish Travellers’ are one of the least represented (less than 10%) among graduates. It should be noted, of course, that this category includes both English Gypsies and Irish Travellers and thus we need to exercise some caution when using this particular data. As noted earlier in Table 5, the vast majority of people who identify as ‘White: Gypsy or Irish Travellers’ were born in England—though, of course, this may include people born to Irish Traveller parents.

Table 9: YORKSHIRE & THE HUMBER. Highest level of qualification by main ethnic group

	<i>White: British</i>	<i>White: Irish</i>	<i>White: Gyps or Irish Trav.</i>	<i>White: Other</i>	<i>Mixed</i>	<i>Asian</i>	<i>Black</i>	<i>Other</i>
<i>Total (aged 16+)</i>	3,745,652	25,027	2,974	107,595	46,272	267,861	60,883	29,677
No qualifications	26.1%	32.6%	59.3%	16.7%	20.2%	27.3%	16.8%	21.6%
Foundation and 1-4 GCSEs	13.8%	7.4%	8.9%	6.7%	15.4%	13.3%	14.6%	10.1%
5+ GCSEs and certificates	16.0%	9.0%	8.6%	8.2%	18.1%	11.2%	15.2%	8.4%
Apprenticeship	4.7%	3.2%	1.4%	1.3%	2.2%	0.9%	1.7%	0.8%
A/AS Levels	13.1%	9.9%	6.9%	8.3%	16.9%	10.5%	12.9%	10.3%
BA/BSc or higher	22.9%	31.7%	8.6%	28.1%	21.7%	24.4%	29.8%	30.5%
Other qualifications	3.4%	6.2%	6.3%	30.6%	5.5%	12.4%	9.0%	18.3%

Table 10 shows people with no qualifications by the 18 main ethnic groups. There are around 8,200 or nearly a third of White Irish people (32.6%) with no qualifications and they rank fourth compared to all other groups. ‘White: Gypsy or Irish Traveller’ is ranked first, with the majority, or more than half (59.3%) with no qualifications. These groups are above the average with no qualifications for all the main ethnic groups, including White British.

Table 10: YORKSHIRE & THE HUMBER. People with no qualifications, by detailed ethnic group* (ranked)

	<i>All people</i>	<i>No qualifications</i>	
	<i>#</i>	<i>#</i>	<i>%(ranked)</i>
All categories: Ethnic group (16+)	4,285,941	1,104,692	25.8%
White: Gypsy or Irish Traveller	2,974	1,763	59.3%
Asian/Asian British: Bangladeshi	13,592	4,608	33.9%
Asian/Asian British: Pakistani	145,762	49,047	33.6%
White: Irish	25,027	8,154	32.6%
Other ethnic group: Any other ethnic group	15,303	4,007	26.2%
White: English/Welsh/Scottish/Northern Irish/British	3,745,652	977,620	26.1%
Black/African/Caribbean/Black British: Caribbean	20,492	4,993	24.4%
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: White and Black Caribbean	19,174	4,499	23.5%
Asian/Asian British: Other Asian	29,956	5,970	19.9%
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: Other Mixed	9,302	1,702	18.3%
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: White and Asian	13,255	2,413	18.2%
Asian/Asian British: Indian	53,836	9,331	17.3%
Asian/Asian British: Chinese	24,715	4,232	17.1%
Black/African/Caribbean/Black British: Other Black	7,320	1,231	16.8%
Other ethnic group: Arab	14,374	2,417	16.8%
White: Other White	107,595	17,976	16.7%
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: White and Black African	4,541	726	16.0%
Black/African/Caribbean/Black British: African	33,071	4,003	12.1%

* Data not disseminated by age or sex for detailed ethnic groups

Economic activity by main ethnic group is shown in Table 11. Both the White Irish and the ‘White: Gypsy or Irish Traveller’ categories are over represented in the economically inactive group but for different reasons, with 47.5% and 52.8% respectively. Still, nearly half of around 25,000 White Irish people in Yorkshire and The Humber are employed, whereas only a small proportion (3.6%) is unemployed compared to other ethnic groups. In the group of the nearly half of White Irish people who are economically inactive, nearly three-quarters (73.7%) of these individuals are retired, which is several times higher than for other ethnic groups. Given the age profile of the Irish it is hardly surprising that such a high proportion is economically inactive because they are retired. By contrast among ‘White: Gypsy or Irish Travellers’ economic inactivity is mainly explained through long-term sick/disability (23.4%) and looking after children (27.9%); this information is presented in further detail in Table 12 for all 18 ethnic categories.

Chart 5 provides a breakdown of this data by sex, and shows that there are a larger proportion of retired White Irish women than men, which in some cases is several times more compared to other ethnic groups. However, as noted, the specific age profile of the Irish population needs to be taken into account when looking at that table.

Table 11: YORKSHIRE & THE HUMBER. Economic activity by main ethnic group

		White: British	White: Irish	White: Gypsy or Irish Traveller	White: Other	Mixed	Asian	Black	Other
<i>Total (aged 16+)</i>		3,745,652	25,027	2,974	107,595	46,272	267,861	60,883	29,677
In employment		57.4%	48.9%	35.2%	70.6%	53.5%	48.2%	55.2%	41.7%
Unemployed		4.7%	3.6%	12.0%	5.3%	12.2%	7.8%	13.0%	10.4%
Economically inactive:	#	1,417,092	11,892	1,571	25,898	15,883	117,837	19,407	14,211
	%	37.8%	47.5%	52.8%	24.1%	34.3%	44.0%	31.9%	47.9%
Economically inactive	Retired	64.3%	73.7%	14.3%	30.6%	12.9%	14.2%	23.6%	8.9%
	Student	11.3%	7.5%	10.1%	31.9%	43.6%	32.5%	39.3%	49.0%
	Looking after home/family	8.4%	4.5%	27.9%	19.6%	13.5%	29.3%	11.7%	19.1%
	Long-term sick/disabled	11.3%	10.1%	23.4%	6.4%	16.5%	9.7%	10.7%	8.5%
	Economically inactive: other	4.7%	4.2%	24.3%	11.5%	13.6%	14.2%	14.7%	14.6%

Chart 5: YORKSHIRE & THE HUMBER. Economic inactivity by reason for inactivity, by main ethnic group and sex

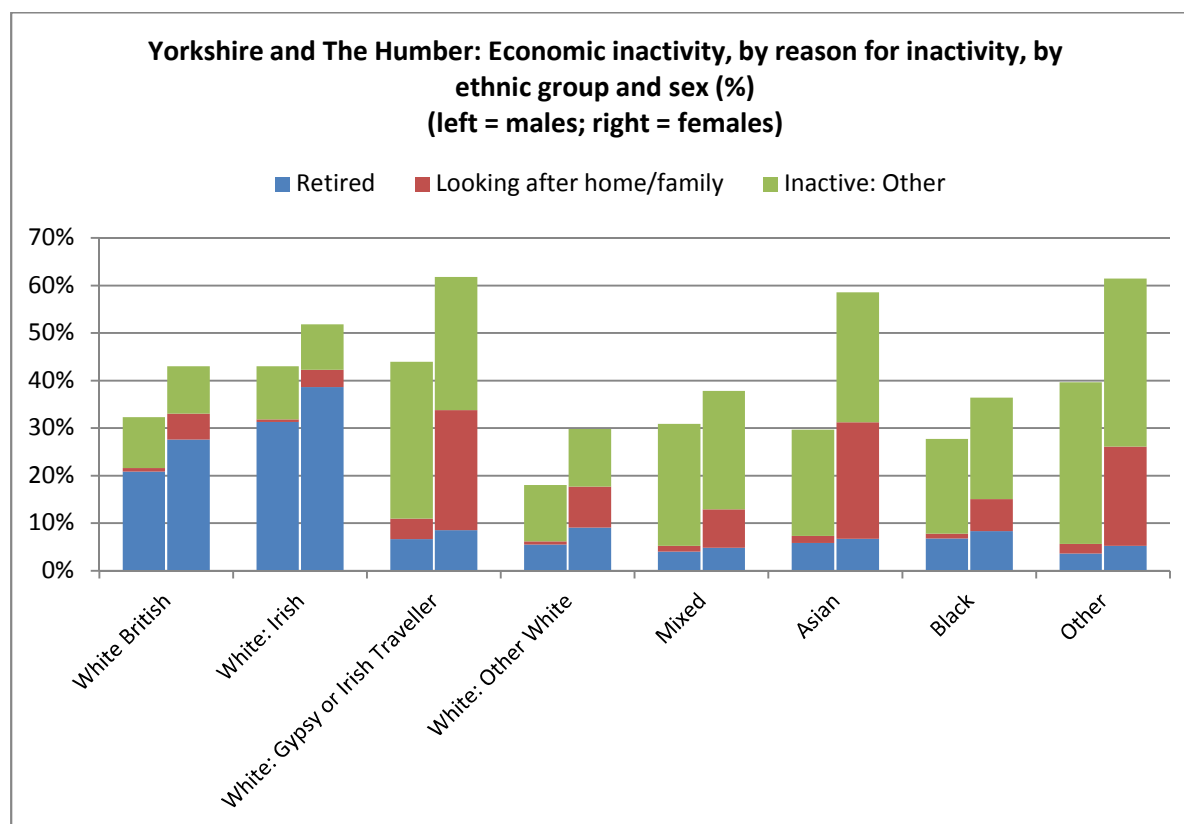


Table 12 shows people in the economically inactive group who are retired, by sex, for the 18 main ethnic groups. White Irish is ranked as fifth, with nearly half (47.5%) or around 11,900 people, retired, compared to all other groups in the economically inactive category. Specifically, there are more retired White Irish women (51.8%) than men (43.0%). ‘White: Gypsy or Irish Travellers’ is ranked third. The proportions for both groups are above the average for all ethnic groups, including White British.

Table 12: YORKSHIRE & THE HUMBER. Economic inactivity, by detailed ethnic group (ranked), by sex

	<i>All people (aged 16+)</i>			<i>Economically Inactive</i>		
	<i>Total</i>	<i>M</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>Total (ranked)</i>	<i>M</i>	<i>F</i>
All categories: Ethnic group	4,285,941	2,089,188	2,196,753	37.9%	31.8%	43.6%
Other ethnic group: Arab	14,374	8,877	5,497	61.3%	54.4%	72.3%
Asian/Asian British: Chinese	24,715	11,961	12,754	55.0%	51.7%	58.0%
White: Gypsy or Irish Traveller	2,974	1,494	1,480	52.8%	44.0%	61.8%
Asian/Asian British: Bangladeshi	13,592	6,862	6,730	48.2%	29.0%	67.8%
White: Irish	25,027	12,263	12,764	47.5%	43.0%	51.8%
Asian/Asian British: Pakistani	145,762	72,885	72,877	47.3%	28.4%	66.2%
White: British	3,745,652	1,814,282	1,931,370	37.8%	32.3%	43.0%
Asian/Asian British: Other	29,956	15,375	14,581	37.2%	29.6%	45.3%
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: Other	9,302	4,615	4,687	35.5%	32.4%	38.6%
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: White and Asian	13,255	6,991	6,264	35.3%	31.3%	39.8%
Any other ethnic group	15,303	9,577	5,726	35.3%	25.9%	50.9%
Black/Black British: Caribbean	20,492	10,647	9,845	34.3%	32.1%	36.7%
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: White and Black Caribbean	19,174	9,430	9,744	33.6%	30.1%	36.9%
Asian/Asian British: Indian	53,836	27,990	25,846	32.7%	24.0%	42.2%
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: White and Black African	4,541	2,390	2,151	32.1%	29.8%	34.7%
Black/Black British: African	33,071	17,328	15,743	30.9%	25.5%	36.7%
Black/Black British: Other	7,320	3,935	3,385	29.7%	25.7%	34.3%
White: Other	107,595	52,286	55,309	24.1%	18.0%	29.8%

Table 13 shows levels of socio-economic status (defined by job category) by main ethnic group. People of White Irish ethnicity are highly represented in the two top occupational categories (which includes higher and medium level managerial, administrative and professional occupations as well as lower management/professional) compared to all other ethnic groups. This information is presented in more detail for all 18 ethnic groups below in Table 14. Also, in comparison to Table 11 on economic activity, which showed low levels of unemployment amongst the White Irish, here in Table 13 we also see that White Irish people have the lowest proportions (4.9%) of people who have never worked/long-term unemployed, compared to all other ethnic groups.

Table 13: YORKSHIRE & THE HUMBER. Socio-economic status by main ethnic group

	White: British	White: Irish	White: Gypsy or Irish Trav.	White: Other	Mixed	Asian	Black	Other
<i>Total (aged 16+)</i>	3,745,652	25,027	2,974	107,595	46,272	267,861	60,883	29,677
1. Higher mgr., admin., and prof. occupations	8.3%	11.1%	2.1%	8.7%	6.2%	7.1%	6.1%	8.0%
2. Lower mgr., admin., and prof. occupations	19.4%	23.3%	7.3%	13.3%	14.4%	9.8%	15.9%	9.6%
3. Intermediate occupations	13.0%	9.3%	3.8%	7.4%	9.5%	7.5%	8.5%	5.3%
4. Small employers and own account workers	8.8%	8.4%	12.6%	6.0%	5.5%	10.9%	4.2%	6.9%
5. Lower supervisory / technical occupations	8.2%	6.5%	3.9%	8.2%	5.3%	4.4%	4.7%	4.9%
6. Semi-routine occupations	15.9%	14.0%	10.5%	16.5%	13.8%	10.4%	15.0%	9.2%
7. Routine occupations	14.1%	16.6%	15.9%	23.4%	11.0%	9.6%	12.2%	9.4%
8. Never worked and long-term unemployed	5.2%	4.9%	35.8%	5.3%	12.3%	21.5%	12.2%	19.7%
Not classified	7.0%	5.7%	8.0%	11.3%	22.0%	18.7%	21.2%	27.0%

Table 14 shows socio-economic status for people who hold higher/lower managerial, administrative and professional occupations, by sex, for detailed ethnic groups. White Irish is ranked first, with around 8,600 people (34.5%) or around one in three, in such occupations, with slightly more Irish women (35.9%) than men (33.0%). White Irish people (both men and women) also tend to be more represented in these occupations when compared to the combined total for all the main ethnic groups (26.7%). ‘White: Gypsy or Irish Traveller’ is ranked eighteenth, with around one in ten people holding these types of jobs.

Table 14: YORKSHIRE & THE HUMBER. Managerial, administrative and professional occupations (higher and lower), by sex by detailed ethnic group (ranked)

	<i>All persons (aged 16+)</i>			<i>Managerial, admin and prof. occupations (%)</i>		
	<i>Total</i>	<i>M</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>Total (ranked)</i>	<i>M</i>	<i>F</i>
All categories: Ethnic group	4,285,941	2,089,188	2,196,753	26.7%	28.2%	25.3%
White: Irish	25,027	12,263	12,764	34.5%	33.0%	35.9%
Asian/Asian British: Indian	53,836	27,990	25,846	29.9%	33.5%	25.9%
White: British	3,745,652	1,814,282	1,931,370	27.8%	29.4%	26.2%
Black/Black British: Caribbean	20,492	10,647	9,845	25.1%	21.3%	29.2%
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: Other	9,302	4,615	4,687	24.0%	22.5%	25.5%
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: White and Asian	13,255	6,991	6,264	23.1%	23.1%	23.0%
Black/Black British: Other	7,320	3,935	3,385	22.1%	21.9%	22.3%
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: White and Black African	4,541	2,390	2,151	22.0%	21.1%	23.1%
White: Other	107,595	52,286	55,309	22.0%	21.4%	22.5%
Asian/Asian British: Other	29,956	15,375	14,581	20.2%	19.1%	21.5%
Black/Black British: African	33,071	17,328	15,743	20.1%	19.4%	20.8%
Any other ethnic group	15,303	9,577	5,726	19.5%	19.4%	19.5%
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: White and Black Caribbean	19,174	9,430	9,744	17.0%	16.9%	17.1%
Asian/Asian British: Chinese	24,715	11,961	12,754	15.8%	15.8%	15.9%
Other ethnic group: Arab	14,374	8,877	5,497	15.7%	16.9%	13.8%
Asian/Asian British: Pakistani	145,762	72,885	72,877	12.1%	14.1%	10.1%
Asian/Asian British: Bangladeshi	13,592	6,862	6,730	12.1%	14.1%	10.1%
White: Gypsy or Irish Traveller	2,974	1,494	1,480	9.4%	10.0%	8.9%

Health and welfare

Table 15 shows reports of limiting long-term health problems or disability (LLTI), by age, for main ethnic groups. Given the particular age profile of the White Irish in Yorkshire and The Humber, it is hardly surprising that people in that ethnic group report the highest levels of LLTI. The White Irish are most likely to report such health problems (29.2%) than any other groups and also come ahead of ‘White: Gypsy or Irish Travellers’ as second (23.0%). Of this proportion, when the figures are broken down by age, we can see a reverse pattern where White Irish then come second to ‘White: Gypsy or Irish Travellers’ in all age groups. Proportions of LLTI reported by White Irish in the age 50 and onwards groups are lower compared to some other ethnic groups.

Table 15: YORKSHIRE & THE HUMBER. Limiting long term health problem or disability (LLTI): Daily activities limited ‘a little’ or ‘a lot,’ by main ethnic group and age

		<i>White: British</i>	<i>White: Irish</i>	<i>White: Gypsy or Irish Traveller</i>	<i>White: Other</i>	<i>Mixed</i>	<i>Asian</i>	<i>Black</i>	<i>Other</i>
<i>Total</i>		4,531,137	26,410	4,378	130,031	84,558	385,964	80,345	40,910
<i>Daily activities Not limited</i>		80.0%	70.8%	77.0%	91.4%	89.8%	87.7%	88.9%	89.5%
All LLTI:	#	904,396	7,701	1,005	11,145	8,647	47,518	8,953	4,284
All LLTI:	%	20.0%	29.2%	23.0%	8.6%	10.2%	12.3%	11.1%	10.5%
Age 0 to 15		3.7%	3.3%	5.6%	2.5%	4.1%	4.0%	3.4%	4.0%
Age 16 to 24		5.2%	5.1%	12.8%	2.8%	6.4%	4.4%	3.8%	4.3%
Age 25 to 34		7.5%	8.3%	15.8%	3.3%	10.8%	6.7%	5.6%	6.9%
Age 35 to 49		12.6%	13.1%	33.0%	7.5%	19.1%	14.3%	11.6%	14.1%
Age 50 to 64		25.0%	27.7%	56.5%	18.2%	31.0%	38.9%	20.9%	29.7%
Age 65 and over		55.5%	54.9%	72.8%	57.6%	59.0%	66.5%	59.0%	59.2%

When considering this by gender as shown in Chart 6, the proportion of White Irish females suffering from LLTI is greater than White Irish males and several times higher compared to females in other groups.

Chart 6: YORKSHIRE & THE HUMBER: Limiting long term health problem or disability (LLTI): Daily activities limited ‘a little’ or ‘a lot,’ by main ethnic group and sex

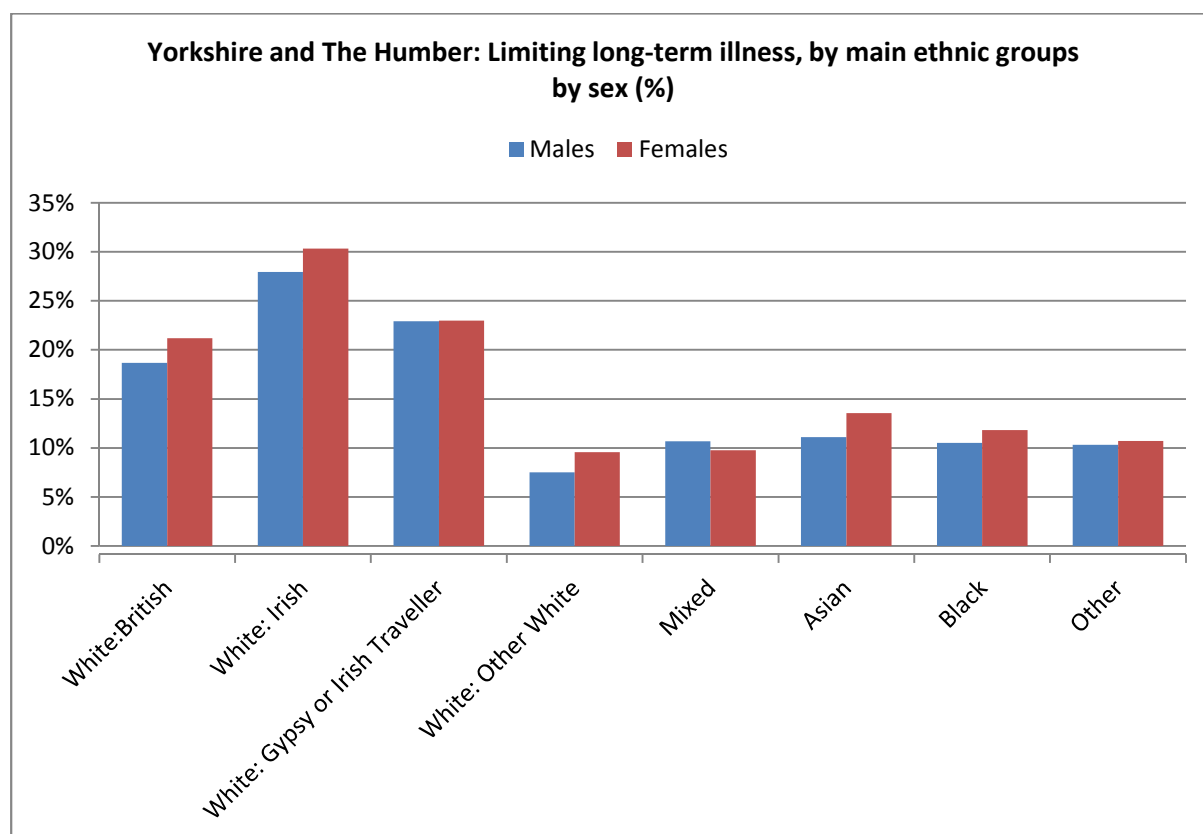


Table 16 shows the proportions of people aged 50 and over reporting limiting long-term illness (LLTI) for limitations to daily activities (both ‘a lot’ and ‘a little’) by detailed ethnic group and by sex. Here, White Irish people are ranked first, with around 7,700 people or more than a quarter (29.2%) reporting limitations to their daily activities caused by long-term health problems, which is higher for Irish women (30.3%) and men (27.9%). ‘White: Gypsy or Irish Traveller’ is ranked second, with nearly one in four people reporting LLTI. These proportions for both are also higher when compared to all detailed ethnic groups combined (18.8%).

Table 16: YORKSHIRE & THE HUMBER. Limiting long-term illness (LLTI): Daily activities limited ‘a lot’ or ‘a little,’ persons aged 50 and over, by detailed ethnic group by sex

	<i>All persons, aged 50+</i>			<i>LLTI %, aged 50+</i>		
	<i>Total</i>	<i>M</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>Total (ranked)</i>	<i>M</i>	<i>F</i>
All categories: Ethnic group	5,283,733	2,598,078	2,685,655	18.8%	17.5%	20.0%
White: Irish	26,410	12,971	13,439	29.2%	27.9%	30.3%
White: Gypsy or Irish Traveller	4,378	2,173	2,205	23.0%	22.9%	23.0%
Black/Black British: Caribbean	23,420	12,107	11,313	21.5%	20.2%	22.8%
White: English/Welsh/Scottish/ Northern Irish/British	4,531,137	2,215,651	2,315,486	20.0%	18.7%	21.2%
Asian/Asian British: Pakistani	225,892	113,389	112,503	14.0%	12.5%	15.4%
Asian/Asian British: Indian	69,252	35,868	33,384	12.0%	10.4%	13.7%
Any other ethnic group	19,570	11,747	7,823	11.9%	11.4%	12.6%
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: White and Black Caribbean	33,241	16,534	16,707	11.6%	12.2%	10.9%
Black/Black British: Other Black	10,892	5,743	5,149	11.4%	11.0%	11.9%
Asian/Asian British: Bangladeshi	22,424	11,408	11,016	11.1%	10.0%	12.3%
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: Other	15,988	8,017	7,971	10.9%	11.1%	10.7%
Asian/Asian British: Other	39,961	20,542	19,419	9.2%	9.2%	9.2%
Other ethnic group: Arab	21,340	12,399	8,941	9.2%	9.3%	9.0%
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: White and Asian	26,008	13,535	12,473	8.8%	9.3%	8.3%
White: Other	130,031	63,689	66,342	8.6%	7.5%	9.6%
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: White and Black African	9,321	4,732	4,589	8.3%	8.7%	7.8%
Black/Black British: African	46,033	23,761	22,272	5.8%	5.4%	6.2%
Asian/Asian British: Chinese	28,435	13,812	14,623	5.3%	4.8%	5.8%

In Tables 17 and 18 we present data on general health. Again, we see a similar pattern with the White Irish and ‘White: Gypsy or Irish Travellers’ reporting poorer health which is double or more in proportion (10.4% and 13.2% respectively) compared to other main ethnic groups. Similarly to the previous Table 15, the relevance of age here is also significant. For example in the younger age groups White Irish people are generally no more likely to report bad health than other ethnic groups, and in fact are among the healthiest until around 24 years of age. With age White Irish people are more likely to report bad health, in line with several other ethnic groups. Thus, it may be the overall disproportionate number of White Irish people in the older age groups—in contrast to other ethnic groups—which skews the overall health data on the Irish. However, it should be noted that ‘White: Gypsy or Irish Travellers’ report bad health at relatively young ages, especially from age 16 onwards. For example, around one in five of those in the age group 35-49 report bad or very bad health, and nearly one in two from age 50 onwards, which is significantly higher compared to other groups.

Table 17: YORKSHIRE & THE HUMBER. General health, by main ethnic group and age

	White: British	White: Irish	White: Gypsy or Irish Traveller	White: Other	Mixed	Asian	Black	Other	
<i>Total</i>	4,531,137	26,410	4,378	130,031	84,558	385,964	80,345	40,910	
<i>Very good, good or fair health</i>	93.7%	89.6%	86.8%	96.8%	96.5%	95.2%	95.9%	95.6%	
Bad or very bad health:	#	284,465	2,751	580	4,165	2,932	18,650	3,289	1,804
	%	6.3%	10.4%	13.2%	3.2%	3.5%	4.8%	4.1%	4.4%
Age 0 to 15	0.6%	0.8%	1.9%	0.9%	0.8%	1.1%	0.9%	1.6%	
Age 16 to 24	1.1%	1.2%	7.3%	0.8%	1.4%	1.3%	0.9%	1.0%	
Age 25 to 34	2.1%	2.4%	7.1%	1.0%	3.5%	2.3%	1.7%	2.8%	
Age 35 to 49	4.5%	4.9%	19.8%	3.1%	8.0%	5.5%	4.3%	6.2%	
Age 50 to 64	9.4%	11.7%	39.5%	7.6%	14.7%	17.0%	8.3%	12.8%	
Age 65 and over	16.3%	18.4%	40.4%	21.0%	21.3%	29.6%	24.2%	27.3%	

Table 18 shows the proportions of people aged 50 and over reporting ‘bad’ or ‘very bad’ health by detailed ethnic groups and by sex. White Irish is ranked second, with around 2,700 people or one in ten people (10.4%) aged 50 and over reporting poor health, which is comparable for both men and women. Also, the White Irish are above White British (fourth with 6.3%) and White Other (fourteenth with 3.2%). The group ranked first is ‘White: Gypsy or Irish Traveller,’ having around one in seven people (13.2%) reporting poor health, especially for men, and this group along with White Irish people are above levels for all detailed ethnic groups combined (6.0%).

Table 18: YORKSHIRE & THE HUMBER. General health: ‘Bad’ or ‘very bad,’ by detailed ethnic group by sex

	<i>All persons, aged 50+</i>			<i>General health ‘bad’ or ‘very bad’, aged 50+ %</i>		
	<i>Total</i>	<i>M</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>Total (ranked)</i>	<i>M</i>	<i>F</i>
All categories: Ethnic group	5,283,733	2,598,078	2,685,655	6.0%	5.8%	6.2%
White: Gypsy or Irish Traveller	4,378	2,173	2,205	13.2%	13.9%	12.7%
White: Irish	26,410	12,971	13,439	10.4%	10.5%	10.4%
Black/Black British: Caribbean	23,420	12,107	11,313	8.0%	7.3%	8.7%
White: English/Welsh/Scottish/ Northern Irish/British	4,531,137	2,215,651	2,315,486	6.3%	6.1%	6.4%
Asian/Asian British: Pakistani	225,892	113,389	112,503	5.7%	4.8%	6.6%
Other ethnic group	19,570	11,747	7,823	5.3%	4.9%	5.9%
Asian/Asian British: Bangladeshi	22,424	11,408	11,016	4.6%	3.9%	5.3%
Black/Black British: Other	10,892	5,743	5,149	4.4%	4.3%	4.5%
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: Other	15,988	8,017	7,971	4.2%	4.3%	4.0%
Asian/Asian British: Indian	69,252	35,868	33,384	4.1%	3.3%	4.9%
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: White and Black Caribbean	33,241	16,534	16,707	3.8%	3.9%	3.8%
Other ethnic group: Arab	21,340	12,399	8,941	3.6%	3.8%	3.3%
Asian/Asian British: Other	39,961	20,542	19,419	3.6%	3.6%	3.6%
White: Other	130,031	63,689	66,342	3.2%	3.0%	3.4%
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: White and Asian	26,008	13,535	12,473	2.8%	2.9%	2.7%
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: White and Black African	9,321	4,732	4,589	2.8%	2.8%	2.7%
Black/Black British: African	46,033	23,761	22,272	2.0%	1.8%	2.2%
Asian/Asian British: Chinese	28,435	13,812	14,623	1.6%	1.4%	1.8%

Table 19 shows the amount of unpaid care provided by main ethnic groups. Here, we can see that White Irish people are more likely to be providing unpaid care (12.0%) than any other ethnic group, followed by White British (11.0%). This may be related to the age profile of the White Irish as there are large proportions of older people who may be requiring care from relatives. Of this proportion who provide care, the majority—60.1%—provide between 1 and 19 hours per week which is higher than some other groups.

Table 19: YORKSHIRE & THE HUMBER. Provision of unpaid care by main ethnic group

		White: British	White: Irish	White: Gypsy or Irish Trav	White: Other	Mixed	Asian	Black	Other
<i>Total</i>		4,531,137	26,410	4,378	130,031	84,558	385,964	80,345	40,910
<i>Provides no unpaid care</i>		89.0%	88.0%	91.0%	94.9%	94.3%	91.7%	93.1%	94.1%
Provides unpaid care:	#	496,469	3,181	395	6,659	4,834	31,847	5,547	2,409
	%	11.0%	12.0%	9.0%	5.1%	5.7%	8.3%	6.9%	5.9%
1-19 hours per week		62.7%	60.1%	46.6%	57.5%	63.7%	53.3%	60.1%	52.1%
20-49 hours per week		12.8%	13.2%	17.5%	18.2%	16.0%	21.7%	19.9%	20.3%
50+ hours per week		24.5%	26.8%	35.9%	24.3%	20.3%	25.0%	20.0%	27.6%

Table 20 shows the proportions of people by detailed ethnic group who provide 50 or more hours of care per week. White Irish people are ranked first, with around 3,200 people providing this level of care, which is higher than all ethnic groups combined (10.4%). ‘White: Gypsy or Irish Traveller’ is ranked fourth, with 9.0% providing considerable care. Although we could speculate that women may be more involved in caring, these data are currently not disaggregated by gender.

Table 20: YORKSHIRE& THE HUMBER: Provision of unpaid care* by detailed ethnic group (ranked)

	<i>All people</i>	<i>Provides some unpaid care</i>	
	<i>#</i>	<i>#</i>	<i>% (ranked)</i>
All categories: Ethnic group	5,283,733	551,341	10.4%
White: Irish	26,410	3,181	12.0%
White: British	4,531,137	496,469	11.0%
Black/Black British: Caribbean	23,420	2,515	10.7%
White: Gypsy or Irish Traveller	4,378	395	9.0%
Asian/Asian British: Pakistani	225,892	20,164	8.9%
Asian/Asian British: Indian	69,252	6,066	8.8%
Asian/Asian British: Bangladeshi	22,424	1,741	7.8%
Black/Black British: Other	10,892	772	7.1%
Asian/Asian British: Other	39,961	2,659	6.7%
Any other ethnic group	19,570	1,300	6.6%
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: Other	15,988	1,017	6.4%
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: White and Black Caribbean	33,241	2,005	6.0%
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: White and Asian	26,008	1,394	5.4%
Other ethnic group: Arab	21,340	1,109	5.2%
White: Other	130,031	6,659	5.1%
Black/Black British: African	46,033	2,260	4.9%
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: White and Black African	9,321	418	4.5%
Asian/Asian British: Chinese	28,435	1,217	4.3%

**provides at least one hour of unpaid care per week*

***Data not disseminated for detailed ethnic groups by sex*

Housing and amenities

In Table 21 on housing tenure by main ethnic groups, White Irish people are most likely to own their house outright (34.6%) compared to all other groups. This may be because these are older people who have paid off their mortgages, as the White Irish are also one of the main ethnic groups (28.2%), who also own their houses with a mortgage, compared to White British (34.5%) and Asian (38.4%). Accordingly, White Irish are under-represented in groups in private rented accommodation/living rent-free.

Table 21: YORKSHIRE & THE HUMBER. Housing tenure by main ethnic group of household reference person (HRP)*

	White: British	White: Irish	White: Gypsy or Irish Traveller	White: Other	Mixed	Asian	Black	Other
<i>All Household Reference Persons</i>	1,985,286	15,220	1,585	50,033	21,948	100,416	34,697	14,874
Owned outright	32.1%	34.6%	22.3%	13.7%	9.3%	24.9%	9.1%	9.5%
Owned with mortgage	34.5%	28.2%	11.3%	19.0%	25.3%	38.4%	22.4%	16.4%
Social rented	17.9%	20.9%	36.8%	13.0%	32.7%	12.0%	39.9%	30.4%
Private rented or living rent-free	15.5%	16.3%	29.6%	54.4%	32.8%	24.7%	28.6%	43.7%

* Previously known as 'Head of household'

Table 22 provides the proportions of residents in types of communal establishments by main ethnic group. Here, we can see that 2.4% of White Irish people are living in communal establishments, and 'White: Gypsy or Irish Travellers' are significantly more represented (4.4%). However, the most remarkable figure is for 'White: Gypsy or Irish Travellers' where nearly three-quarters (72.9%) of those in communal establishments are in prison or other secure facilities, which is significantly higher than other groups. Interestingly, compared to other ethnic groups, the White Irish people in communal establishments are over represented in medical and care facilities (38.4%), second to White British (46.7%). However, in terms of residents not in communal establishments, the proportions for White Irish (97.6%) are relatively comparable to other ethnic groups.

Table 22: YORKSHIRE & THE HUMBER. Proportion of residents in communal establishments by type of establishment, by main ethnic groups

		White: British	White: Irish	White: Gypsy or Irish Traveller	White: Other	Mixed	Asian	Black	Other
<i>All persons</i>		4,531,137	26,410	4,378	130,031	84,558	385,964	80,345	40,910
<i>Not resident in communal establishments</i>		98.4%	97.6%	95.6%	97.5%	97.7%	97.6%	97.1%	97.9%
Resident in communal establishments:	#	74,214	631	192	3,200	1,914	9,445	2,309	870
	%	1.6%	2.4%	4.4%	2.5%	2.3%	2.4%	2.9%	2.1%
Medical and care establishments		46.7%	38.4%	12.0%	12.9%	10.4%	3.2%	8.5%	6.7%
Prisons and secure facilities		7.6%	8.6%	72.9%	4.0%	20.8%	6.8%	17.5%	7.5%
Educational establishments		34.2%	38.7%	9.9%	74.9%	55.7%	84.0%	57.4%	73.2%
Other establishments		11.5%	14.4%	5.2%	8.2%	13.1%	6.1%	16.6%	12.6%

In Table 23 data is presented on occupancy ratings of bedrooms by main ethnic groups. As we can see, the White Irish are the most likely group to live in under-occupied housing (39.4%). This is likely to be a result of the ‘empty nest syndrome’ where children have all grown up and left the family house leaving older people living alone; this is further evidenced in Table 24 which shows the very significant proportion of older Irish people who are living alone. By contrast in Table 23 we see that ‘White: Gypsy or Irish Travellers’ are the most likely to be living in over-crowded conditions (31.8%).

Table 23: YORKSHIRE & THE HUMBER. Proportion of residents by occupancy rating (bedrooms) categories, by main ethnic group

	White: British	White: Irish	White: Gypsy or Irish Trav.	White: Other	Mixed	Asian	Black	Other
<i>All residents</i>	4,452,369	25,717	4,176	126,533	82,572	376,320	77,971	40,019
Under-occupied (2 or more spare bedrooms)	32.0%	39.4%	9.8%	17.1%	15.8%	14.9%	13.6%	11.8%
Under-occupied (1 spare bedroom)	37.4%	34.6%	21.1%	28.7%	31.9%	26.2%	28.0%	25.1%
Standard (occupancy matched to bedroom standard)	25.9%	22.4%	37.3%	37.4%	39.7%	33.7%	41.3%	40.3%
Overcrowded (1 or more bedrooms too few)	4.6%	3.6%	31.8%	16.9%	12.7%	25.2%	17.1%	22.8%

Table 24 shows household composition by main ethnic groups, where we can see that White Irish people aged 65 and are over represented in one-person households (21.0%), compared to all other groups. A similar pattern is also observed amongst those aged 65 plus who live in one-family households (10.9%). It is also noteworthy that ‘White Gypsy or Irish Travellers’ are most likely to be single parent households (23.6%).

Table 24: YORKSHIRE & THE HUMBER. Household composition by main ethnic group

		<i>White: British</i>	<i>White: Irish</i>	<i>White: Gypsy or Irish Traveller</i>	<i>White: Other</i>	<i>Mixed</i>	<i>Asian</i>	<i>Black</i>	<i>Other</i>
<i>Total (households)</i>		<i>1,985,286</i>	<i>15,220</i>	<i>1,585</i>	<i>50,033</i>	<i>21,948</i>	<i>100,416</i>	<i>34,697</i>	<i>14,874</i>
<i>One person households</i>	<i>Aged 65 +</i>	13.6%	21.0%	6.3%	5.7%	3.6%	2.0%	5.6%	1.7%
	<i>Other</i>	17.5%	18.8%	26.8%	18.7%	36.7%	13.3%	32.1%	34.3%
<i>One family only</i>	<i>All aged 65+</i>	9.1%	10.9%	1.3%	2.5%	1.4%	1.4%	1.8%	1.1%
	<i>Married couple</i>	32.9%	27.0%	20.5%	30.7%	17.7%	49.1%	22.3%	35.6%
	<i>Cohabiting couple</i>	11.1%	7.7%	10.3%	14.4%	11.6%	3.5%	8.0%	5.8%
	<i>Lone parent</i>	10.3%	8.4%	23.6%	8.2%	19.0%	9.2%	18.7%	7.4%
<i>Other household types</i>		5.5%	6.1%	11.1%	19.8%	10.0%	21.5%	11.6%	14.1%

Table 25 shows household compositions for people aged 65 and older who live in one-person households, by detailed ethnic group. White Irish is ranked first, with around 3,200 elderly people or one in five (21.0%) living alone. This is higher compared to White British (13.6%) in second place on the table, and all groups combined (12.7%).

In conclusion, therefore, it is apparent that the large proportions of older Irish people living alone, as well as the numbers in poor health, have clear consequences for service providers in this region.

Table 25: YORKSHIRE & THE HUMBER. Proportion of 'one person households, aged 65+,' by detailed ethnic group (ranked)

	<i>Household composition</i>		
	<i>All households</i>	<i>One person households, aged 65+</i>	
	<i>#</i>	<i>#</i>	<i>% (ranked)</i>
All categories: Ethnic group	2,224,059	281,870	12.7%
White: Irish	15,220	3,193	21.0%
White: English/Welsh/Scottish/Northern Irish/British	1,985,286	270,787	13.6%
Black/Black British: Caribbean	12,927	1,660	12.8%
White: Gypsy or Irish Traveller	1,585	100	6.3%
White: Other	50,033	2,836	5.7%
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: White and Black Caribbean	9,436	399	4.2%
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: Other	4,408	182	4.1%
Asian/Asian British: Indian	21,732	618	2.8%
Black/Black British: Other	4,323	118	2.7%
Asian/Asian British: Chinese	8,914	239	2.7%
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: White and Asian	5,762	152	2.6%
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: White and Black African	2,342	47	2.0%
Any other ethnic group	7,960	156	2.0%
Asian/Asian British: Other	12,677	219	1.7%
Asian/Asian British: Pakistani	52,127	818	1.6%
Other ethnic group: Arab	6,914	102	1.5%
Asian/Asian British: Bangladeshi	4,966	72	1.4%
Black/Black British: African	17,447	172	1.0%

** Data not disseminated for detailed ethnic groups by sex*

